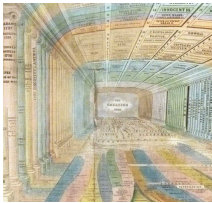
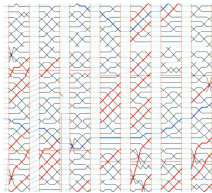
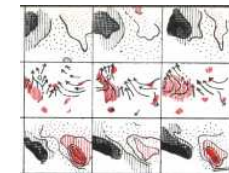
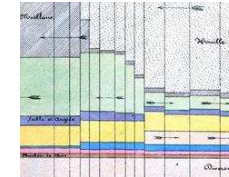
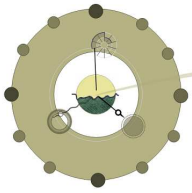


Ateliers « cas concret » recueil de visualisations

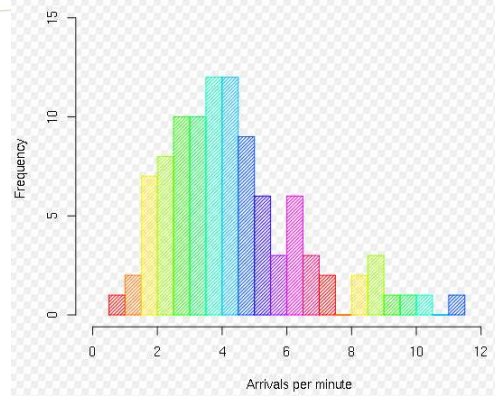


- Carte chronologique*
- Historical timeline*
- Theme river*
- Temple of Time*
- Temporal activity and intensity diagram*
- Time Wheel*
- Spiral graph*
- Multivariate historical timeline*
- Bubblechart timeline*
- Bankruptcy timechart*
- Sparklines*
- Bumps chart*
- Diagrammes hélicoïdaux*
- BBC time chart*
- PeopleGarden*
- Home to school surrounds diagram*
- Memory timeline*
- History flow*
- Pie chart*
- Tableau figuratif*
- World cloud*
- Histograms*
- Candlestick chart*
- Statistical chart*
- Bar / line chart*
- Polar-area charts*
- Scatter Plot*
- Tree map*
- Mosaic display*
- Star plot*
- Cognitive maps*
- Tableau poléométrique*
- Infosky visual explorer*
- Multidimensional icons*
- Chernoff faces*
- Periodic Table metaphor*
- Small multiples*
- Vues figurées*
- Dot maps*
- Choropleth thematic maps*
- Brockaus planetarium*
- Chrono-chorématique*





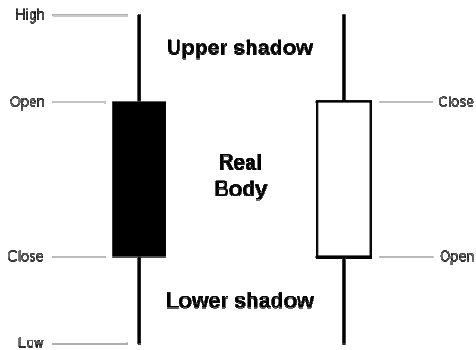
Formalismes



Histograms

K. Pearson 1895

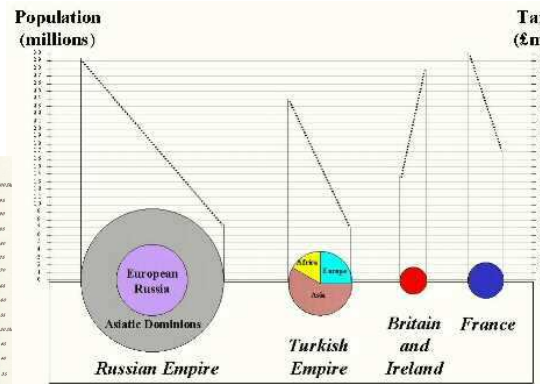
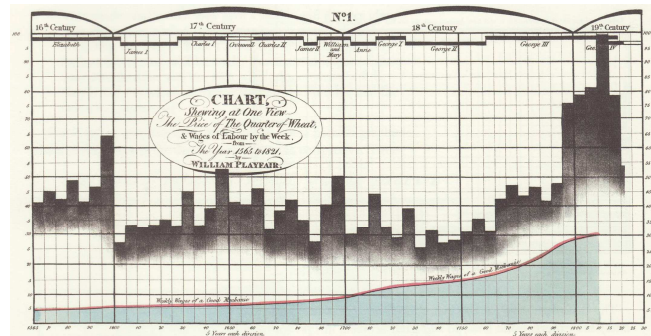
Purpose: to roughly assess the probability distribution of a given variable by depicting the frequencies of observations occurring in certain ranges of values
 Illustration and definition from <http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Histogram>



Candlestick chart

M. Homma 18th century

Combination of a line-chart and a bar-chart, in that each bar represents the range of price movement over a given time interval
 Illustration and definition from http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Candlestick_chart

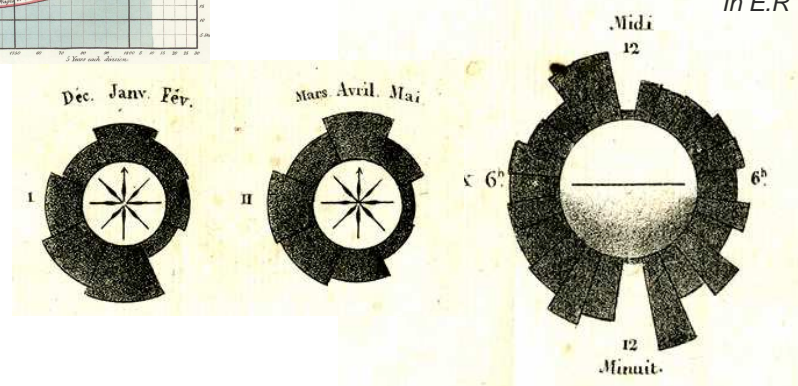


Statistical chart

William Playfair 1801
<http://www.datavis.ca>

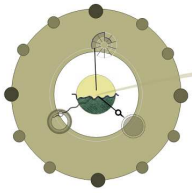
Bar / line chart

W. Playfair, 1821
 Price of wheat relatively to wages (three parallel time series)
 In E.R. Tufte *The visual display of quantitative information*, Graphic Press, Cheshire 2001

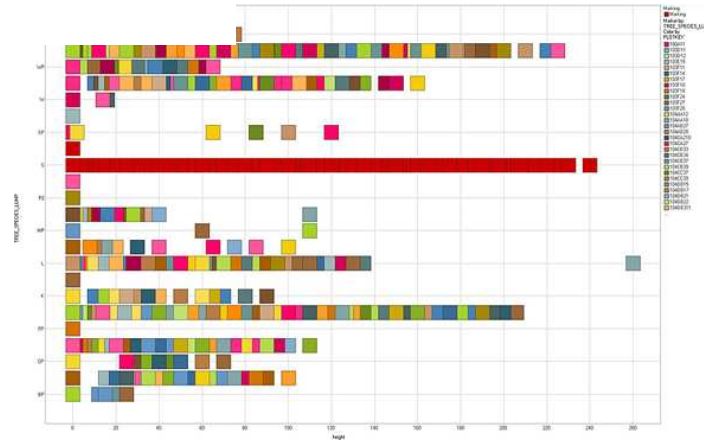
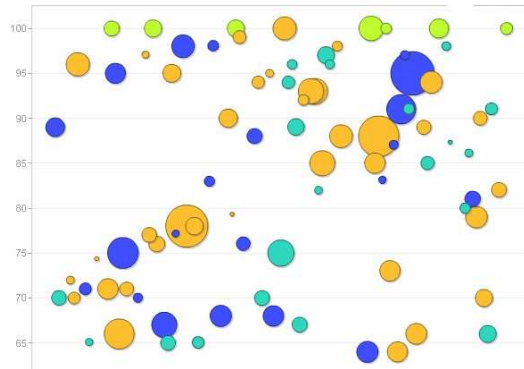


Polar-area charts

André Michel Guerry 1829
 Polar-area charts (predating those by Florence Nightingale, showing frequency of events for cyclic phenomena
<http://www.datavis.ca>



Formalismes



Scatter Plot

https://wiki.smu.edu.sg/is480/Reporting_Module

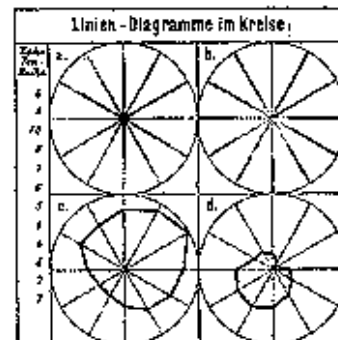
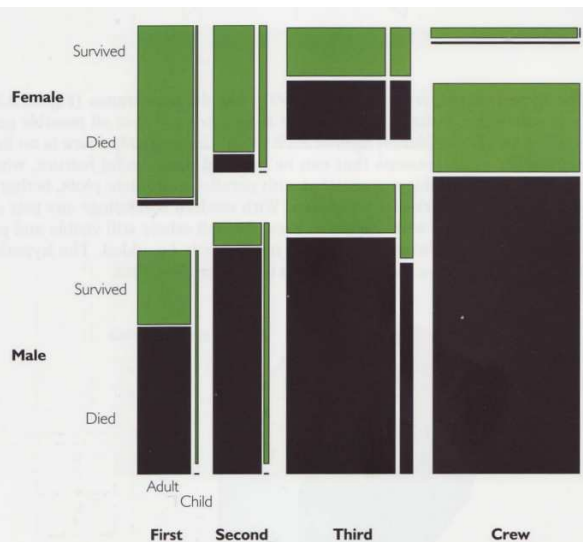
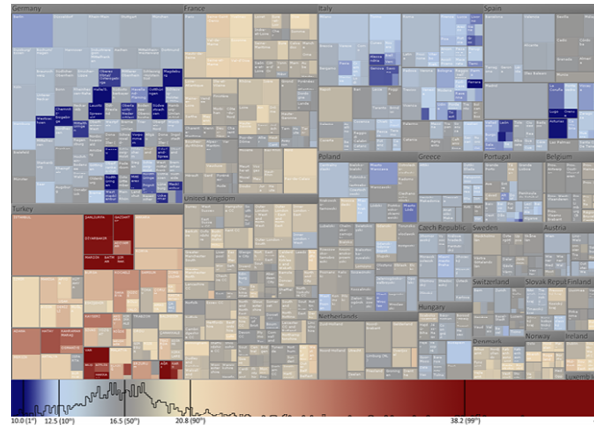
Scatter plot

<http://vis.berkeley.edu/courses/cs294-10-fa07/wiki/index.php/A2-Ken-ichiUeda>
 Tree Species by Height

Tree map

Visual Analytics for Mobile Communication Networks
 Sara Johansson
<http://ncva.itn.liu.se/research?l=en>

Ratio of children in the European OECD member countries. The colour of each region represents the percentage of the total population that falls within the 0-14 age group. Size in the Treemap shows the size of the total population

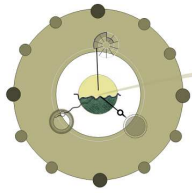


Mosaic display

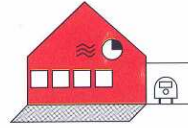
R.Spence Information Visualization
 Addison Wesley 2001

Star plot

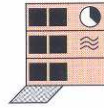
Georg von Mayr, 1877
<http://datavis.ca/milestones/admin/uploads/images/vonmayr2.gif>



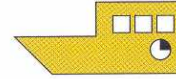
Métaphores



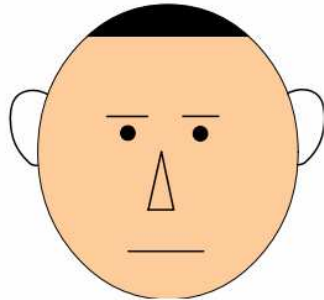
house
£400,000
garage
central heating
four bedrooms
good repair
large garden
Victoria 15 mins



Flat
£300,000
no garage
central heating
two bedrooms
poor repair
small garden
Victoria 20 mins



houseboat
£200,000
no garage
no central heating
three bedrooms
good repair
no garden
Victoria 15 mins



College Degree	Family Income	Women in Work Force	Unemploy Rate	Divorce Rate	Crime Rate
15-20 %	\$54000-65000	51-59 %	> 6 %	13-17 %	67-280
20-26 %	\$45000-54000	59-64 %	3-6 %	17-20 %	280-500
26-33 %	\$36000-45000	64-69 %	< 3 %	20-25 %	500-860

Figure 6. A Chernoff face for the state of Ohio

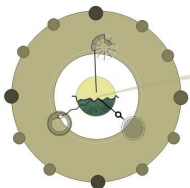
A PERIODIC TABLE OF VISUALIZATION METHODS

C contour Data Visualization Visual representations of quantitative data in schematic form (either with or without axes).		G graphic facilitation Strategy Visualization The systematic use of complementary visual representations in the analysis, development, formalization, communication, and implementation of strategies in organizations.	
Tb table Information Visualization The use of interactive visual representations of data to support cognition. This means that the data is transformed into an image, it is mapped to screen space. The image can be changed by users as they proceed working with it.	Ga campion coordinates Concept Visualization Methods to explore (mostly) qualitative concepts, ideas, plans, and analogies.	St story template Metaphor Visualization Visual Metaphors position information graphically to organize and structure information. They also convey an insight about the represented information through the key characteristics of the metaphor that is employed.	Tr tree Compound Visualization The complementary use of different graphic representation formats in one single scheme or frame.
Pi pie chart L line chart B bar chart Hi histogram T timeline Pa parallel coordinates Hy hyperbolic tree Cy cycle diagram Sa sashay diagram Ve venn/euler diagram Mi mindmap Sq square of opposition Co concentric circles Ar argument side Co communication diagram Gc gantt chart Pe perspectives diagram D dilemma diagram Pr parameter ruler Kn knowledge map	Es concept selection Mm metro map Tm templ St story template Tr tree Ct campion Me meeting trace Fp flight plan Cf concept fan Br bridge Fu funnel Ri rich picture	Ar arc chart Sc scatterplot R radar chart Ch chessell faces E entity relationship diagram Fb feedback cycle diagram Pa pareto chart Cl clustering L layer chart Py pyramid technique Ca cause-effect chains Ti tissue map Dt decision tree Cp open critical path method Ev evocative knowledge maps Co concept map Ic iceberg cm cognitive mapping	Th story box plot Sp spectrogram Te tense diagram Tr tree maps N nassi shneiderman diagram Se semantic network Fl flow chart Sy system eye/loop diagram So soft system modeling Sm system map Fo force field diagram Ib ibis argumentation map Pr process event chains Pe PERT charts Sw swim lane diagram V Venn diagram Hh honeycomb chart I informational

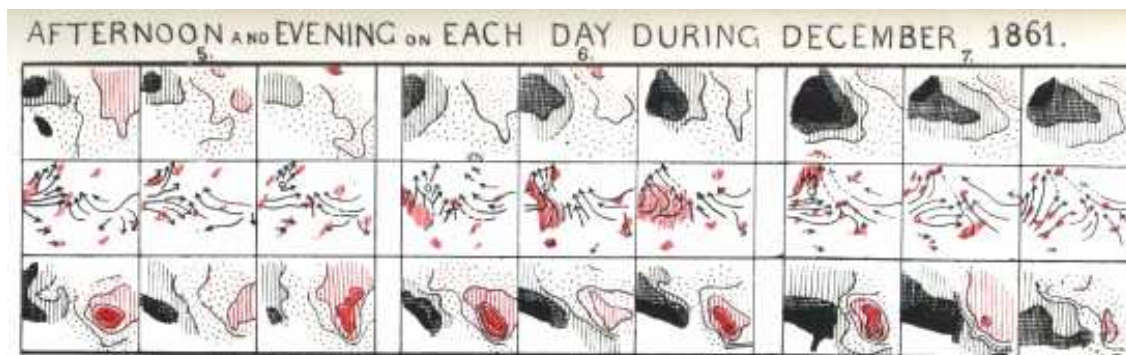
Multidimensional icons
in R.Spence, *Information Visualization*, Addison Wesley 2001

Chernoff faces
<http://proceedings.esri.com/library/userconf/educ04/papers/pap5000.pdf>

Periodic Table
http://www.visual-literacy.org/periodic_table/periodic_table.html



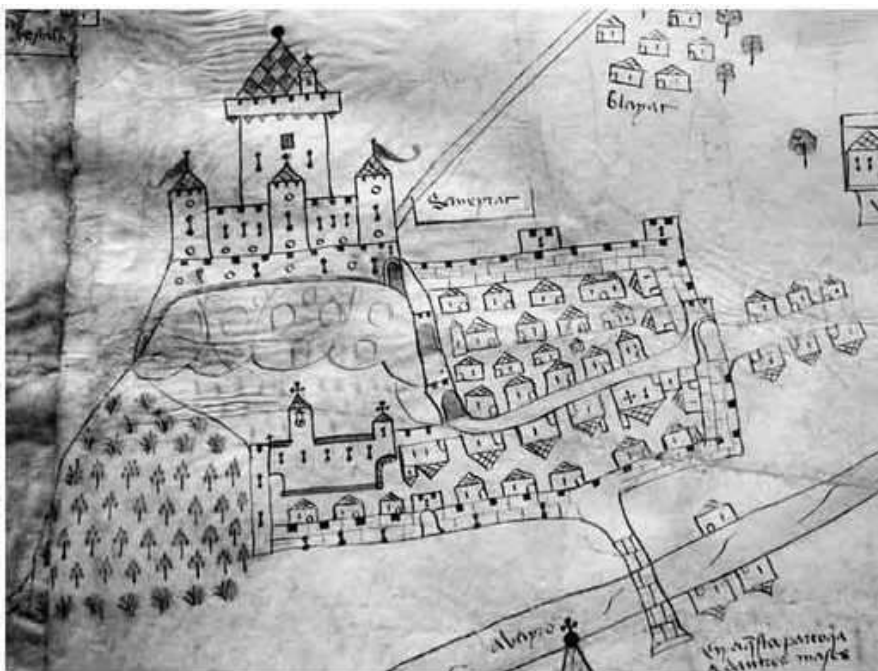
Modèles



Small multiples

Francis Galton, pub. 1863.
in M.Friendly, *A Brief History of Data Visualization*

Multivariate weather charts, arranged as small multiples



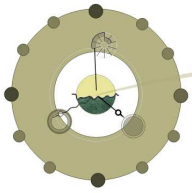
III. 4. — Le bourg de Sévérac-le-Château

Vues figurées

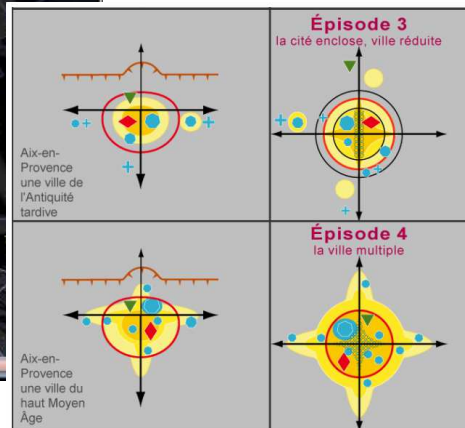
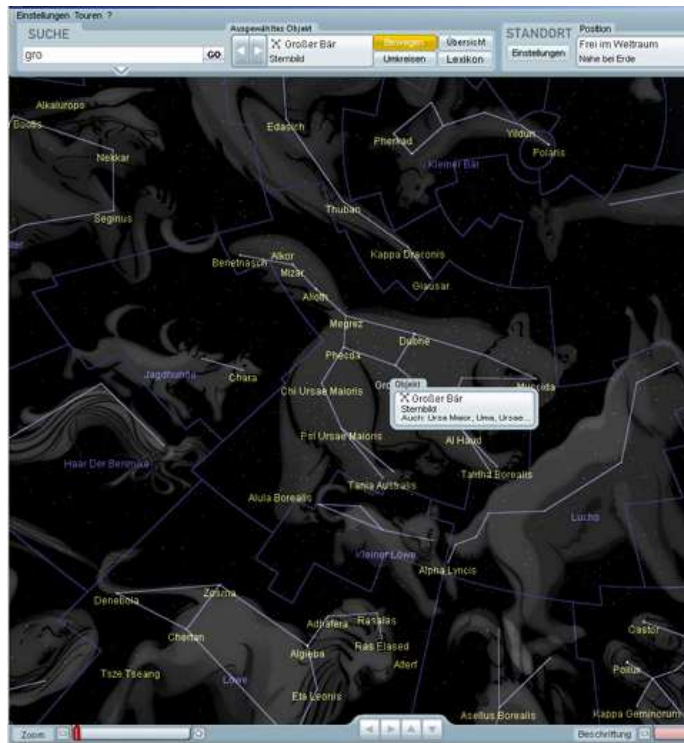
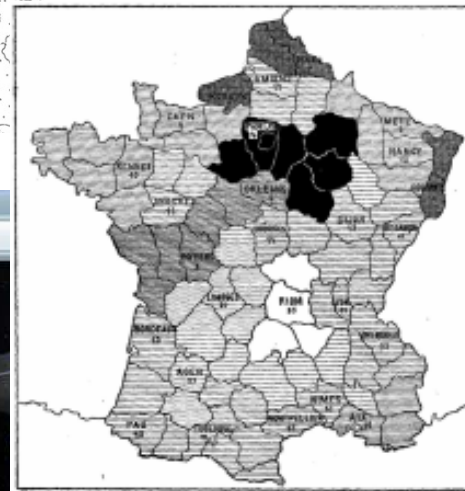
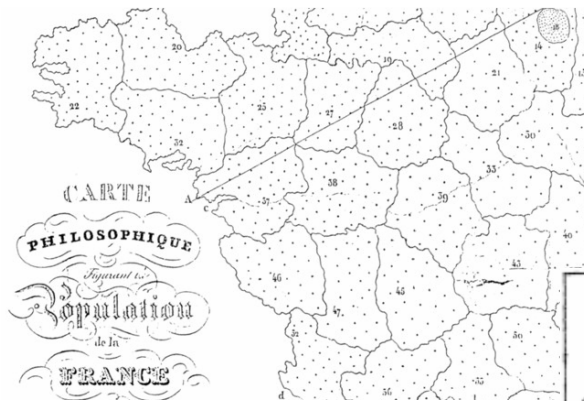
http://www.cairn.info/resume.php?ID_ARTICLE=RHIS_093_0621

Entre carte, image et pièce juridique : la vue figurée de la baronnie de Sévérac-le-Château (1504)
Juliette Dumasy

Cartes confectionnées dans l'ensemble de l'Europe à partir du XIV^e siècle pour servir de pièces à conviction devant les tribunaux [...]. Elle représente, avec élégance et méticulosité, l'ensemble des villages et hameaux de ce pays, avec leurs feux, églises et châteaux – soit en tout plus de 800 édifices.



Modèles



Dot maps

Armand- Joseph Frère de Montizon 1830

In La naissance de la démocartographie.

Analyse historique et sémiologique, G.Palsky
 Espace, populations, sociétés Vol 2 Num 2

pp. 25-34 1984

http://www.persee.fr/web/revues/home/prescript/article/espos_0755-7809_1984_num_2_2_956

Choropleth thematic maps

Pierre Charles Dupin 1819

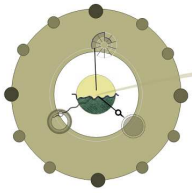
<http://www.datavis.ca>

Brockhaus planetarium

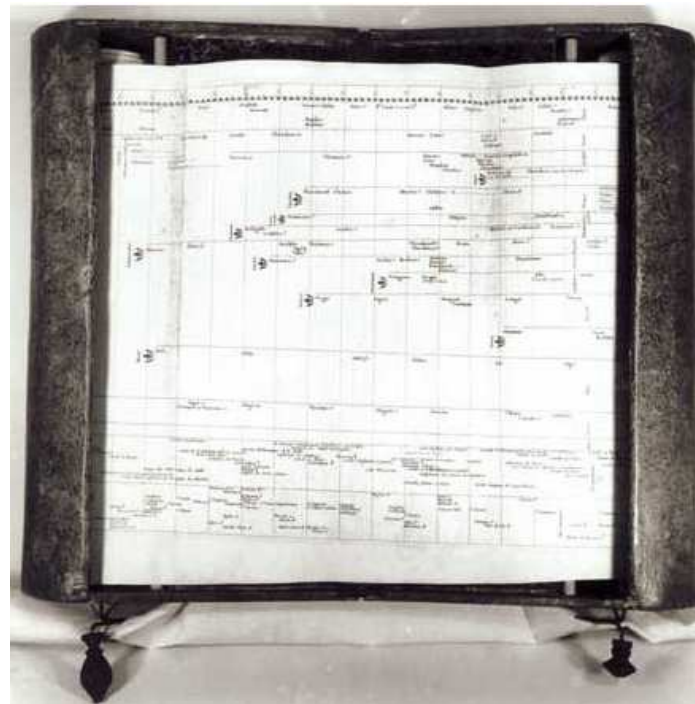
http://www.brockhaus.de/digitale_produkte/brockhaus_multimedial/produkt/planetarium.php

Chrono-chorématique

http://www.culture.gouv.fr/culture/cnau/pdf/2009_06_02_chorematique_livret.pdf



Timelines (etc.)

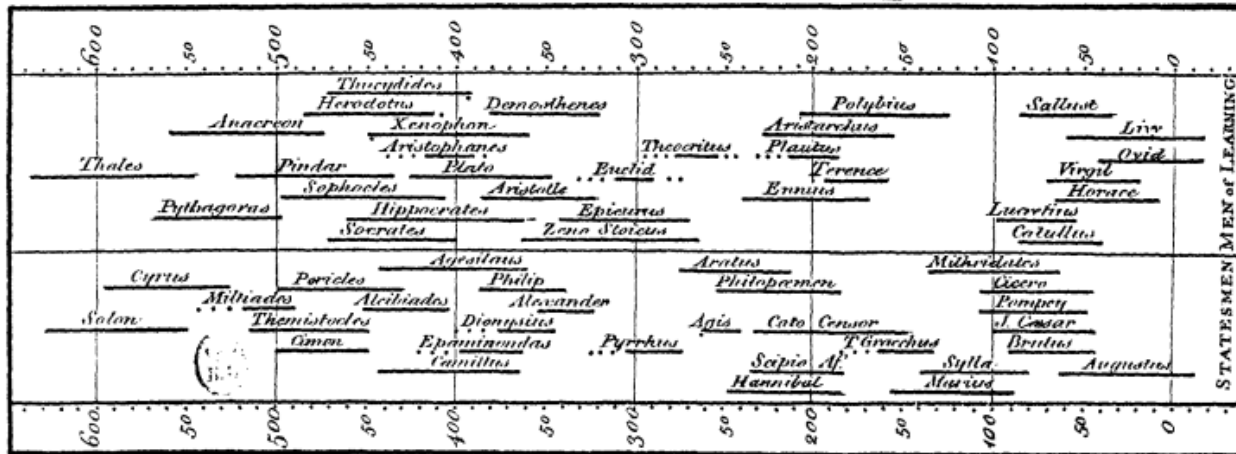


Carte chronologique

Jacques Barbeau-Dubourg 1753
<http://www.datavis.ca/gallery/timelines.php>
 The earliest modern timeline

An annotated timeline of history (from Creation) on a 54-foot scroll, including names and descriptive events, grouped thematically, with symbols denoting character (martyr, tyrant, heretic, noble, upright, etc.) and profession (painter, theologian, musician, monk, etc.)-

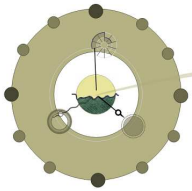
A Specimen of a Chart of Biography.



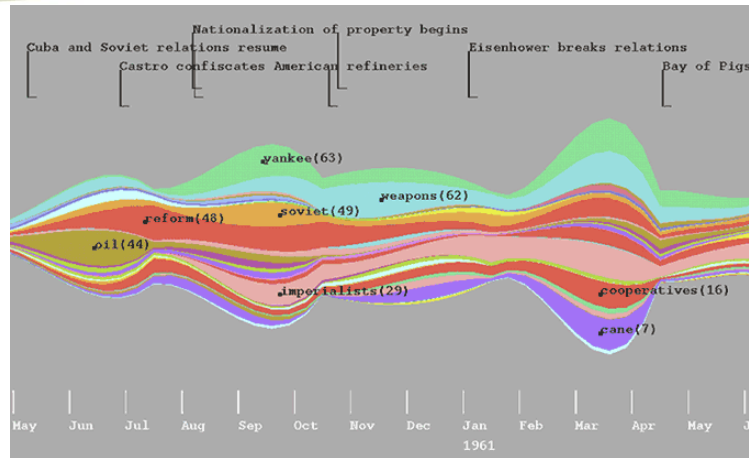
Historical timeline

Joseph Priestley, 1765
<http://euclid.psych.yorku.ca/SCS/Gallery/images/priestley.gif>

Life spans of 2,000 famous people, 1200 B.C. to 1750 A.D.), quantitative comparison by means of bars



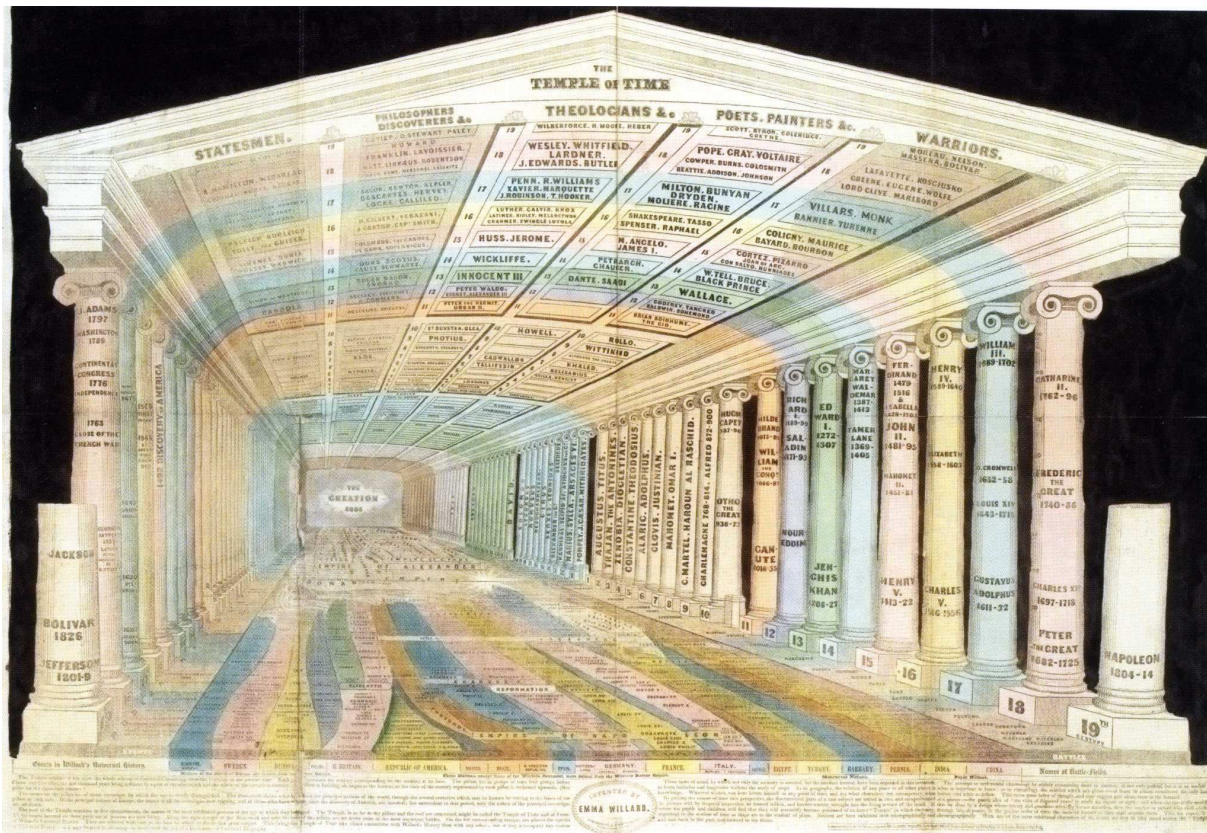
Timelines (etc.)



Theme river

http://vis.pnnl.gov/research_themeriver.stm
 Voir aussi :
<http://www.ifs.tuwien.ac.at/~silvia/wien/vu-infovis/references/havre-ieeeinfovis00.pdf>

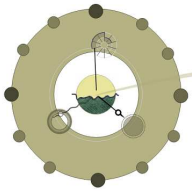
The ThemeRiver™ visualization helps users identify time-related patterns, trends, and relationships across a large collection of documents.



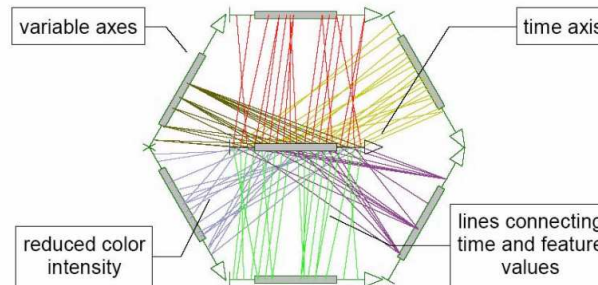
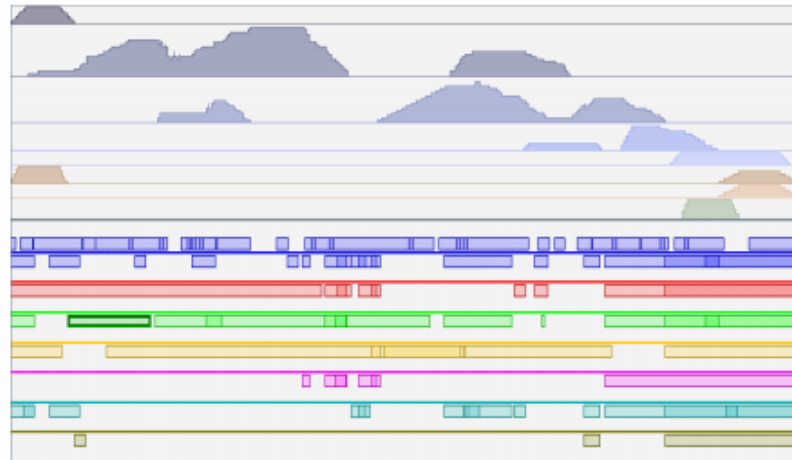
Emma Willard's Temple of Time

<http://www.datavis.ca/gallery/timelines.php>

The Temple of Time is a three-dimensional projection of historical chronography created in 1846 by Emma Willard, an American girls' educator. In the temple, the vertical columns represent centuries, with those on the right showing names of important figures from the Old World while those on the left show figures from the New World. The floor shows a historical stream chart. The ceiling functions as a chart of biography. It was designed as a mnemonic device that allowed people to memorize information by imagining it as architectural details in a three-dimensional mental space.

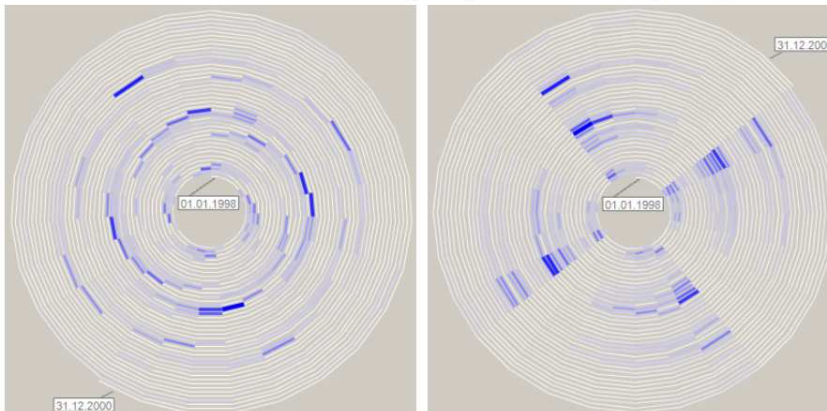


Timelines (etc.)



User interaction:

Rotation of variable axes
(moving axes of interest into a position parallel to the time axis)



Temporal activity and intensity diagram

<http://geoanalytics.net/GeoVis08/a15.pdf>

Sabol, V., Granitzer, M. and Kienreich, W. (2007). "Used Exploration of Temporal Developments and Topical Relationships in Heterogeneous Data Sets", 3rd International Symposium of Knowledge and Argument Visualization, 11th International Conference Information Visualisation. London, UK: IEEE Computer Society.

Time Wheel

Image from

<http://ieg.ifs.tuwien.ac.at/~aigner/presentations/TimeViz06.pdf>

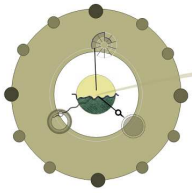
Quotation: C. Tominski, J. Abello, and H. Schumann, "Axes-based Visualizations with Radial Layouts," in Proc. of ACM Symp. on Applied Computing. ACM Press, 2004, pp. 1242–1247.

Spiral graph

http://www.informatik.uni-rostock.de/~ct/pub_files/Aigner08TimeVis.pdf

Visual Methods for Analyzing Time-Oriented Data
W. Aigner, S. Miksch, W. Müller, H. Schumann, and C. Tominski
IEEE Transactions on Visualization and Computer Graphics, Vol. 14, No. 1, 2008.

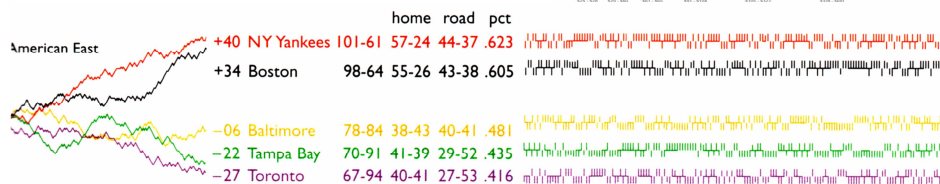
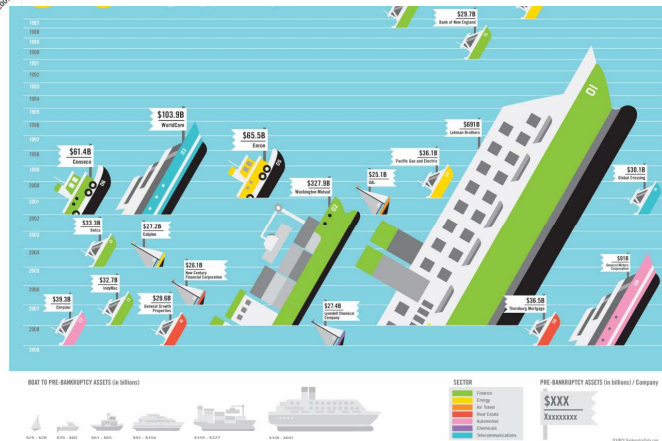
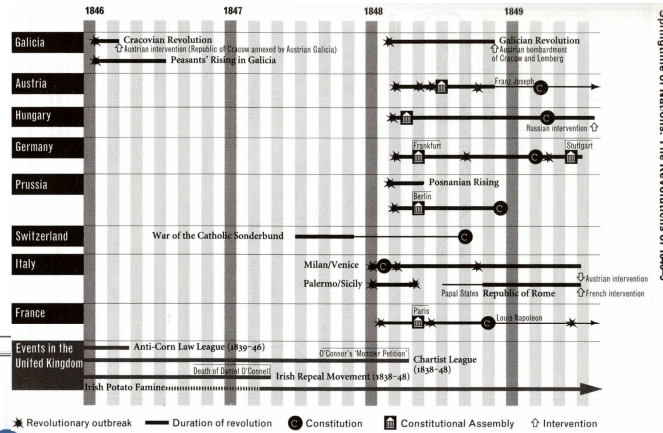
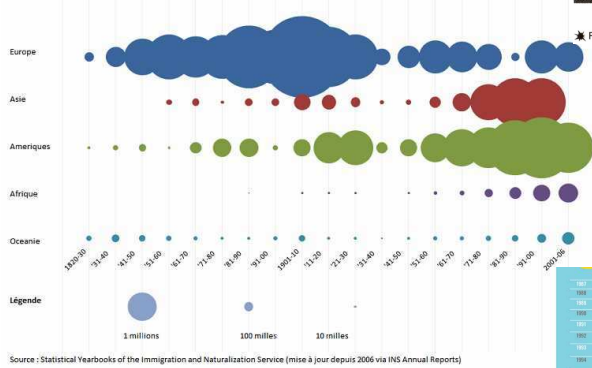
[extracts of original legend] Visual representations of a time-oriented dataset describing the number of influenza cases over a period of three years – left: SpiralGraph encoding 27 days per cycle (improperly parameterized – periodic pattern is hard to see right: SpiralGraph encoding 28 days per cycle (properly parameterized – periodic pattern stands out).



Timelines (etc.)

Address http://www.impactvisuel.net/wp-content/uploads/2009/01/bubblechart_timeline_75pc1.png

L'immigration aux Etats-Unis au 19ème et 20ème siècle par continent d'origine



Multivariate historical timeline

N.Davies, *Europe: A history*, Pimlico 1997

Bubblechart timeline

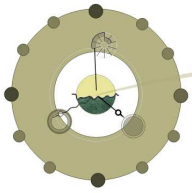
www.impactvisuel.net

The Bankruptcy timechart

Data : BankruptcyData.com
 [in] awesome.goodmagazine.com

Sparklines

E.R Tufte *Beautiful evidence*
 Graphics Press 2006



Timelines (etc.)

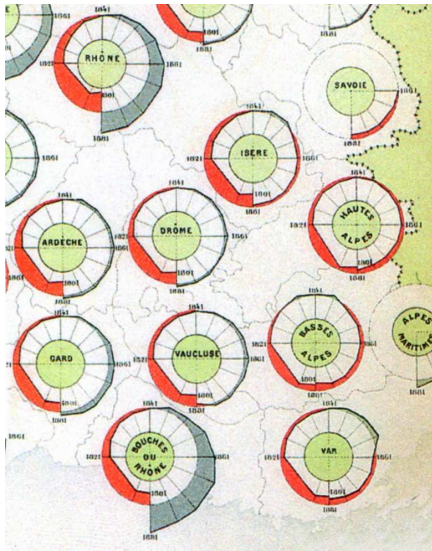
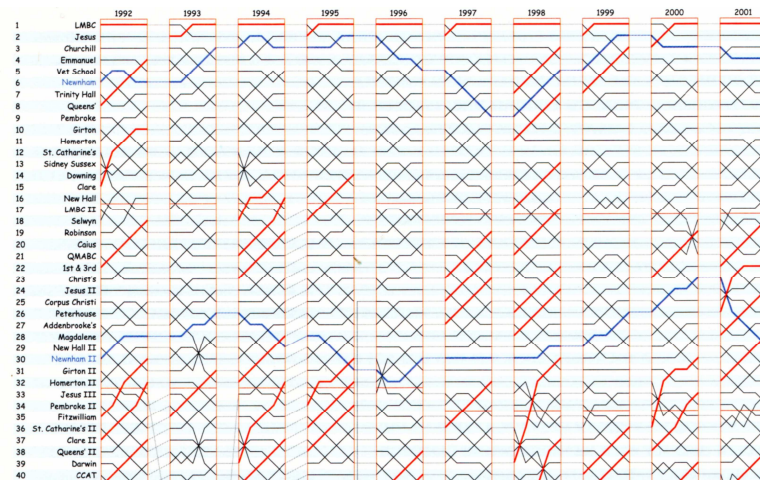


Figure 8. A PeopleGarden showing messages from a message board with 1200 postings over a 2-month period. Height of flower denotes amount of time a user has been at the board.

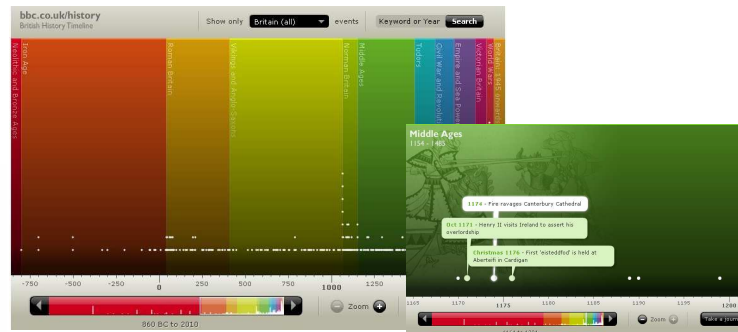


Bumps chart

T. Granger 2003
 In E.R Tuft Beautiful evidence
 Graphics Press 2006

Diagrammes hélicoïdaux

Albums de statistique graphique, 1884
 In Des chiffres et des cartes , G.Palsky CTHS 1996



BBC time chart

<http://www.bbc.co.uk/history/>

PeopleGarden

A PeopleGarden showing messages from a message board with 1200 postings over a 2-month period. Height of flower denotes amount of time a user has been at the board.

http://smg.media.mit.edu/papers/Xiong/pgarden_uist99.pdf

